AIM Symposium on "Les systèmes d'information apprenants pour une aide à la décision de confiance en santé" Rennes, France November 30, 2021

## Interoperability and Health Data Integration Key Concepts

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## Outline

- Interoperability 101
- The role of standards in interoperability
  - Clinical terminologies
  - Clinical information models
- Interoperability in action
  - Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics (OHDSI)
  - University of California Health Data Warehouse

## Interoperability of health data **Definition**

Interoperability is the ability of two or more systems to **exchange** health information and **use the information** once it is received.



Achieving Interoperability Depends on 5 Elements

1) Adoption and Optimization

2) Standards

3) Financial and Clinical Incentives

4) Privacy and Security

5) Rules of Engagement

https://www.healthit.gov/sites/default/files/factsheets/onc\_interoperabilityfactsheet.pdf



## Interoperability of health data Reference

• "The Interoperability Standards Advisory (ISA) process represents the model by which the **Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology** (ONC) will coordinate the identification, assessment, and determination of "recognized" interoperability standards and implementation specifications for industry use to fulfill specific clinical health IT interoperability needs."



https://www.healthit.gov/isa/

## Interoperability equation (Standards)









# Main clinical terminologies (US)

- Main clinical terminologies for the Meaningful Use incentive program (clinical documentation; clinical quality measures)
  - SNOMED CT
  - LOINC
  - RxNorm

https://loinc.org/

https://www.snomed.org/

- https://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/umls/rxnorm/index.html
- Administrative terminologies (billing)
  - International Classification of Diseases Clinical Modification (ICD10-CM)
  - Current Procedural Terminology (CPT)







#### **Interoperability Need: Representing Patient Medical Encounter Diagnosis**

Туре	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	SNOMED CT®	Final	Production	••••0	Yes	Free	N/A
Standard	<u>ICD-10-CM</u>	Final	Production	••••	Yes	Free	N/A

Interoperability Need: Representing Laboratory Tests							
			NATIONAL The Daily Journal of the United States Government				
Туре	Standard / Implementation Specification	Sta Ma	Rule 2015 Edition Health Information Technology (Health IT)	Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard for observations	LOINC®	Fin	Certification Criteria, 2015 Edition Base Electronic Health Record (EHR) Definition, and ONC Health IT Certification Program Modifications		Yes	Free	N/A

#### **Interoperability Need: Representing Patient Medications**

Туре	Standard / Implementation Specification	Standards Process Maturity	Implementation Maturity	Adoption Level	Federally required	Cost	Test Tool Availability
Standard	<u>RxNorm</u>	Final	Production	••••	Yes	Free	N/A
Standard	National Drug Code (NDC)	Final	Production	••••	Yes	Free	N/A

# Interoperability among terminologies

#### • Pairwise mappings

- Mapping between two terminologies
- Example: SNOMED CT ICD10
- Terminology integration
  - Mapping multiple, overlapping terminologies to a reference system
  - Example: Unified Medical Language System https://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/umls/index.html

https://www.snomed.org/snomed-ct/Use-SNOMED-CT/maps







## Main information models

# I = T + M

#### **Messaging standards**

- To **exchange** clinical information electronically
- Examples
  - HL7 v2.x



- HL7 Consolidated Clinical Document Architecture (C-CDA)
  - Care Plan, Consultation Note, Continuity of Care Document (CCD), Referral Note, Transfer Summary, …
- HL7 Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR)

#### **Clinical data warehouse standards**

#### ("Common Data Models")

• To **store and aggregate** clinical information



## Common data models

- **OMOP** [Observational Medical Outcomes Partnership]
  - Used in multiple clinical data warehousing/analytics initiatives (OHDSI, AllofUs, UCHDW) https://www.ohdsi.org/data-standardization/the-common-data-model/
- i2b2 [Informatics for integrating biology and the bedside]
  - Used in many translational research (and clinical analytics) projects
- PCORnet [National Patient-Centered Clinical Research Network]
  - Used for clinical research/pragmatic trial initiatives
- Sentinel [Food & Drug Administration]
  - Largest multisite distributed database in the world dedicated to medical product safety

https://www.i2b2.org/

https://pcornet.org/

https://www.fda.gov/safety/fdas-sentinel-initiative



# Interoperability among information models

- Pairwise data element mappings
  - With FHIR: OMOP-on-FHIR, PCORnet-FHIR
  - Others: PCORnet-OMOP
- Harmonization of common data models
  - PCORTF Common Data Model Harmonization Project

https://www.healthit.gov/topic/scientific-initiatives/pcor/common-data-model-harmonization-cdm

• Example of use: National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C)

https://ncats.nih.gov/n3c

https://omoponfhir.org/





# Binding between terminologies and information models

- Define the links between the information model and the terminology
- Constrain the set of possible values for a given data element in the information model





Interoperability in action



# **Observational Health Data Sciences and** Informatics (OHDSI)

- International network of researchers and observational health databases
  - Large-scale clinical analytics
  - Standardized clinical data warehouses (OMOP)
  - Transparent methods and open-source tools
- Examples of outcomes Application to COVID-19 analytics
  - Risk of hydroxychloroquine alone and in combination with azithromycin in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis: a multinational, retrospective study (Lancet Rheumatol)
    - Increased cardiovascular risk with azithromycin
  - Comparative effectiveness of famotidine in hospitalized COVID-19 patients (Am J Gastro-Enterology)
    - No evidence of a reduced risk of COVID-19 outcomes among hospitalized COVID-19 patients who used famotidine
  - Renin-angiotensin system blockers and susceptibility to COVID-19: an international, open • science, cohort analysis (Lancet Digit Health)
    - No clinically significant increased risk of COVID-19 diagnosis or hospital admission-related outcomes associated with ACEI or ARB use was observed





Interoperability in action

## University of California Health Data Warehouse

- Center for Data-driven Insights and Innovations
  - Business case for clinical data analytics
- University of California Health Data Warehouse
  - Data from 6 million patients since 2012
  - EHR data from six UC data centers
  - Claims data from UC's self-funded health plans
- Data integrated with OMOP CDM
- Applications
  - Population Health initiatives
  - Value-based Metrics
  - Pharmacy Initiatives (brand vs. generic drugs, system-wide trends for drugs prescribed)
  - Also supports research efforts

Interoperability in action

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CALIFORNIA	President

## Summary Interoperability equation revisited







Medical Ontology Research

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